



AYR MINOR SOFTBALL ASSOCIATION

Emergency Action Plan

Victoria Park

Ayr, ON

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LAST REVISED DATE



Introduction

What is an Emergency Action Plan (EAP)?

As the coach you are responsible for the safety and welfare of your players. An Emergency Action Plan (EAP) is a plan designed by coaches to assist them in responding to emergency situations. The idea behind having such a plan prepared in advance is that it will help you respond in a responsible and clear-headed way if an emergency occurs.

An EAP should be prepared for the facility or site where you normally hold practices and for any facility or site where you regularly host competitions. For away competitions, ask the host team or host facility for a copy of their EAP.

Your EAP should be prepared at the start of the season, not when an accident occurs.

An EAP can be simple or elaborate but should cover the following items:

1. Designate in advance who is in charge in the event of an emergency (as the coach this may very well be you).
2. Have a cell phone with you and make sure the battery is fully charged. If this is not possible, find out exactly where a telephone is located. Have spare change in case you need to use a pay phone.
3. Have emergency telephone numbers with you (facility manager, fire, police, ambulance) as well as contact numbers (parents/guardians, next of kin, family doctor) for the participants.
4. It is recommended to have a medical profile for each participant on hand so this information can be provided to emergency medical personnel. This information will be on your team list.
5. Prepare directions to provide to Emergency Medical Services (EMS) to enable them to reach the site as rapidly as possible. You may want to include information such as the closest major intersection, one way streets, or major landmarks.
6. Have a first aid kit accessible and properly stocked at all times (all coaches are strongly encouraged to pursue first aid training).
7. Designate a "call person" (the person who makes contact with medical authorities and otherwise assists the person in charge) in advance. Be sure that your call person can give emergency vehicles precise instructions to reach your facility or site.



Emergency Action Plan Checklist

Follow and complete the check list for each game or practice. Your EAP may not change too much during the season.

Some of the information required below will be provided with this handout such as directions to the ball diamonds.

Also your player or team list will have a list of contact names and phone numbers. Do not always assume a parent will be at the game or practice

Access to telephone

- Cell phone, battery well charged
- Practices
- Home venues
- Away venues
- List of emergency phone numbers (home competitions)
- List of emergency numbers (away competitions)
- Change available to make phone calls from a pay phone

Directions to access the site

- Accurate directions to the site (practice)
- Accurate directions to the site (home competitions)
- Accurate directions to the site (away competitions)

Participant information

- Personal profile forms
- Emergency contacts
- Medical profiles

Personnel information

- Person in charge is identified
- Call person is identified
- Assistants (charge and call persons) are identified

✓ *The medical profile of each participant should be up to date and located in the first aid kit.*

✓ *A first aid kit must be accessible at all times and must be checked regularly.*



How to Activate your Emergency Action Plan:

Prior to any home game three roles must be designated:

1. Charge person
2. Call person
3. Control Person

1. Charge Person

This person should ideally have Emergency First-Aid training, knowledge of sports related injuries and how the Emergency Action Plan works. This could very well be the coach.

Responsibilities for the Charge Person include the following:

Prior to the game

- Being familiar with players past medical history.
- Assuring the First-Aid kit is complete and available at the game site.
- Providing a cellular phone or knowing the location of the nearest phone.
- Designating a **Call Person**

In the event of an injury to any player, official or spectator

- Assess the situation -seriousness of injury, need for assistance, etc.
- Provide First-Aid care to injured party. (See Guidelines -Charge Person)
- Instruct Call Person to activate EMS if required.
- Stay with injured person until injury is treated or ambulance arrives.
- Complete an Injury Treatment Report for the association records if necessary.



2. Call Person

This person is to be designated by the Charge Person before the game begins. It could be your assistant coach or a parent.

Responsibilities for the Call Person include the following:

- Locate cellular phone and call ***911** when instructed to do so.
- Specify that this is a medical emergency and you require an ambulance.
- Give the number of the phone you are calling from.
- Give the location of the playing field.
- Give the dispatcher details of the injury, be prepared to answer the following questions about the injured person:
 - Is the person breathing normally on his/her own?
 - Bleeding -from where and how much?
 - Level of consciousness
 - First-Aid being provided -CPR, Direct pressure, Ice pack
 - Approximate age
 - Gender (Male or Female)
- Ask how long it will take for the ambulance to arrive.
- Designate a person to go to the gate and direct the ambulance to the field.
- Return to the **Charge Person** and relay any instructions from the EMS dispatcher, including the
- ETA of the ambulance.
- Be prepared to call ***911** again if the person's condition changes.

3. Control Person

This person is also to be designated by the Charge Person before the game begins. Head coaches are typically good choices for such a role.

Responsibilities for the Control Person include the following:

- Keeping the rest of the crowd and/or players under control, and away from the injured player
- Making sure he/she meets the ambulance at an entrance if necessary or designates a person to do so
- Aids in any other assistance necessary



Steps to Follow When an Injury Occurs

Note: It is recommended that emergency situations be simulated during practice to familiarize coaches and athletes with the steps below.

Charge Person:

1. Initially when coming into contact with the injured athlete, stay calm, take control and assess the situation.
2. Instruct all other players and bystanders to leave the injured player alone.
3. If the player is bleeding take Universal Precautions to prevent disease transmission before treating the injury. Wear Barriers for your own protection.
4. Do not move the player. Remember - If the player can not initiate a movement voluntarily, do not move the body part for the player.
5. Leave the players equipment in place.
6. Evaluate the injury. Once you have assessed the severity of the injury, decide whether or not to call for further assistance.
 - a. Is not breathing -**call EMS**
 - b. Does not have a pulse -**call EMS**
 - c. Is bleeding profusely -**call EMS**
 - d. Has impaired consciousness -**call EMS**
 - e. Has injured the back, neck, or head -**call EMS**
 - f. Has a visible major trauma to a limb -**call EMS**
 - g. Cannot move his or her arms or legs or has lost feeling in them -**call EMS**
7. If an ambulance is required, notify your **Call Person** and give a brief explanation of the injury and the care being given and tell the person to call for the ambulance.
8. If an ambulance is not required, then decide what action is to be taken to remove the injured player from the playing field, without aggravating the injury.
9. When waiting for the ambulance, observe the player carefully for any change in his/her condition or level of consciousness, and reassure them that professional help is on the way.
10. Do not be forced or intimidated into moving an injured player unnecessarily just to be able to continue with the game.

Call Person:

1. Know the location of the cellular phone (and how to operate it) or the location of land phones available for placing a call in an emergency. This may take some planning in remote locations or at fields with which you are not familiar. Do not rely on others to find these for you after an emergency has occurred.
2. Prepare a list of emergency numbers to be used if required (ambulance, fire, police, and doctors) or check, upon arrival, that the area has 911 services.
3. Know the name of the location and the directions to the field where the injury has occurred. This will save time and confusion particularly if the location has several playing areas.



Emergency Action Plan for

Victoria Park

Ayr, ON

Emergency phone numbers: 9-1-1 for all emergencies

Charge Person:	
Call Person:	
Control Person:	
Cell phone number of coach:	
Cell phone number of assistant coach:	
Phone number of home facility:	

Address and location of facility:	
Park Name:	Victoria Park
Address:	75 Rose St.
City:	Ayr, ON
Main Entrance:	67 Church St.
Secondary Entrance:	75 Rose St.



Nearest hospitals:

HOSPITAL NAME: **Cambridge Memorial Hospital (Emergency open 24/7)**

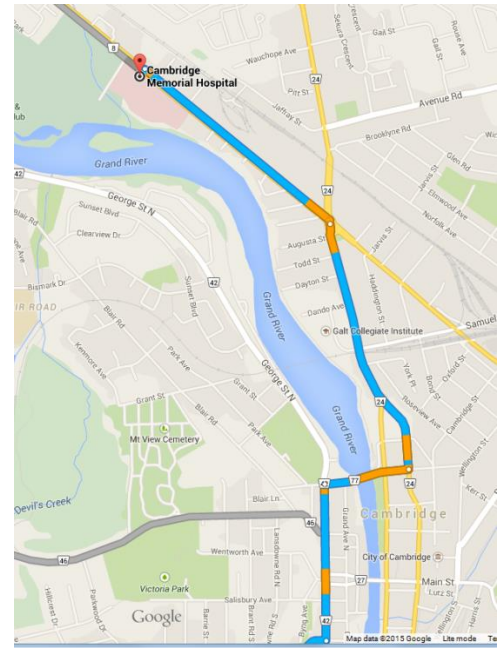
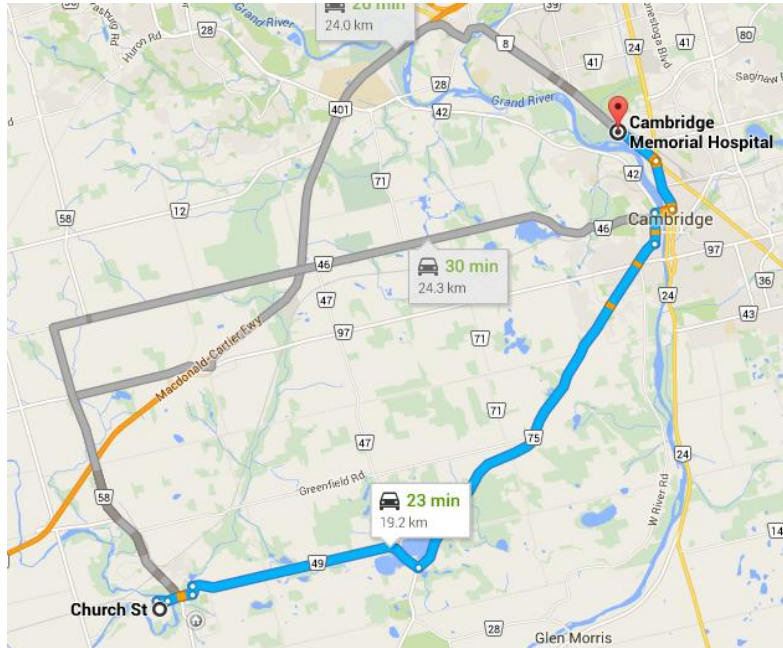
ADDRESS: 700 Coronation Blvd.

CITY: Cambridge, Ontario, N1R 3G2

TELEPHONE: 519-621-2330 (Main), 519-621-2333 (Automated)

DISTANCE FROM PARK: 19 km

EMERGENCY ENTRANCE: 1844 Coronation Blvd. (Turn left from Coronation and immediate left to Emergency entrance)



HOSPITAL NAME: **Brantford General Hospital (Emergency open 24/7)**

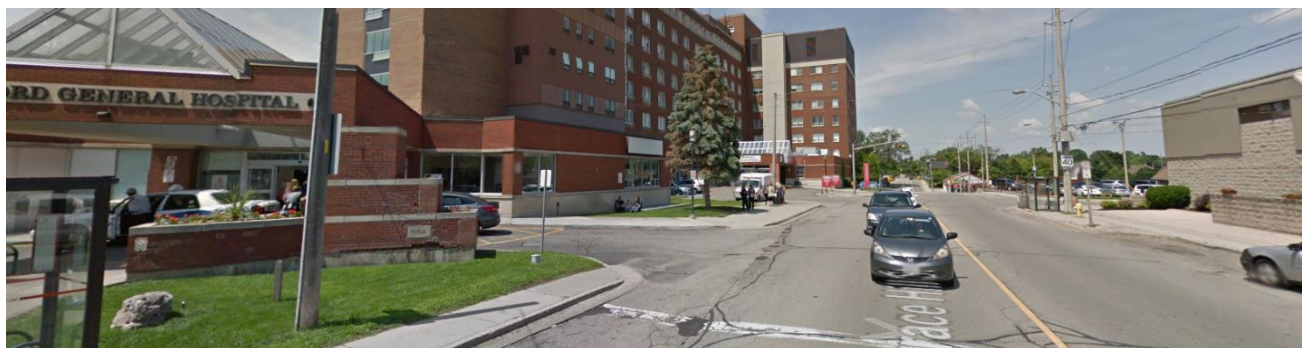
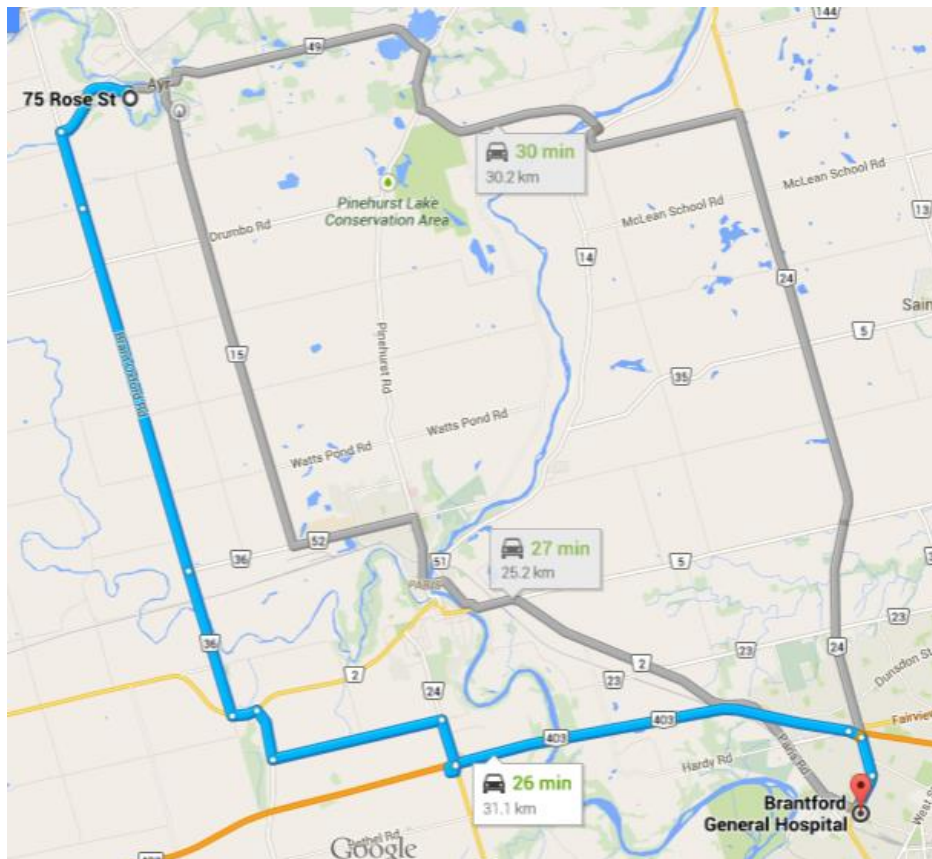
ADDRESS: 200 Terrace Hill Street

CITY: Brantford, ON, N3R 1G9

TELEPHONE: 519-751-5544

DISTANCE FROM PARK: 25 km

EMERGENCY ENTRANCE: 200 Terrace Hill Street



Appendix A

Other Facility Locations



Appendix B

Player Medical Forms



Appendix C

Injury Reports

